



Native American and Alaska Native Children in School (NAM) Grant Program

Successful Native Education Projects: Stories from NAM Project Directors

U.S. Department of Education | February 4, 2021



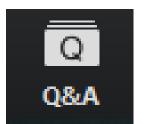




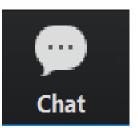


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Poll



What job roles are in the audience today?

- a. PK-12 tribal school staff
- b. PK-12 public or charter school staff
- c. Tribal college/university or IHE staff
- d. Preschool staff
- e. Evaluator or researcher







Opening & Welcome





Celeste McLaughlin NAM Team Leader OELA



Stephanie Nichols
Education Program Specialist
OELA



Elizabeth Bucknor
Education Program Specialist
OELA

Opening & Welcome





NAM Project
Director, Fairbanks
Native Association



Naomi Long
NAM Project Director, Red
Lake Band of Chippewa
Indians



Heather Oats
NAM Project Director, Rocky
Boy Schools





Office of English Language Acquisition



Agenda

- Opening and Welcome
- NAM Program Overview
- FY21 NAM Grant Competition (Priorities GPRA)
- Panelists:
 - 1. Lorraine David, NAM Project Director, Fairbanks Native Association
 - 2. Naomi Long, NAM Project Director, Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians
 - 3. Heather Oats, NAM Project Director, Rocky Boy School
- NCELA Resources
- Q&A









NAM Program Overview

NAM Program Overview



- The purpose of the Native American and Alaska Native Children in School (NAM) program is to award grants to eligible entities to develop and enhance capacity to provide effective instruction and support to Native American students who are identified as English learners (ELs). The goal of this program is to support the teaching, learning, and studying of Native American languages while also increasing English language proficiency.
- *Title III* Authorization ESEA Sec. 3112
 - Legislation

Program Statute: Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title III, Part A, Subpart 1, Sec. 3112; 20 U.S.C. 6821(c)(1)(A), 3111(c)(1)(A), and 20 U.S.C. 6822.

Regulations

The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards in <u>2 CFR part 200</u>, as adopted and amended in 2 CFR part 3474 and the Supplemental Priorities.





NAM Program Overview

Eligibility

Entities that operate the following kinds of elementary, secondary, and postsecondary schools primarily for Native American children (including Alaska Native children) are eligible applicants under this program:

- An Indian tribe
- A tribally sanctioned educational authority
- A Native Hawaiian or Native American Pacific Islander native language educational organization
- An elementary school or secondary school that is operated or funded by the Bureau of Indian Education (BIE), or a consortium of such schools
- An elementary school or secondary school operated under a contract with or grant from the BIE, in consortium with another such school or a tribal or community organization
- An elementary school or secondary school operated by the BIE and an institution of higher education, in consortium with an elementary school or secondary school operated under a contract with or grant from the BIE or a tribal or community organization







Office of English Language Acquisition

NAM Program Overview

Types of Projects

Projects may include teacher training, curriculum development, and evaluation and assessment to support the core program of student instruction and parent and family engagement. Student instruction may comprise preschool, elementary, secondary, or combinations of these levels.

- Developing and implementing dual language instructional programs that help children learn and be proficient in two or more languages
- Developing Native language curricula, instructional materials, or assessment of native language proficiency
- Developing capacities and systems to monitor the academic progress of ELs
- Implementing parent and family engagement programs

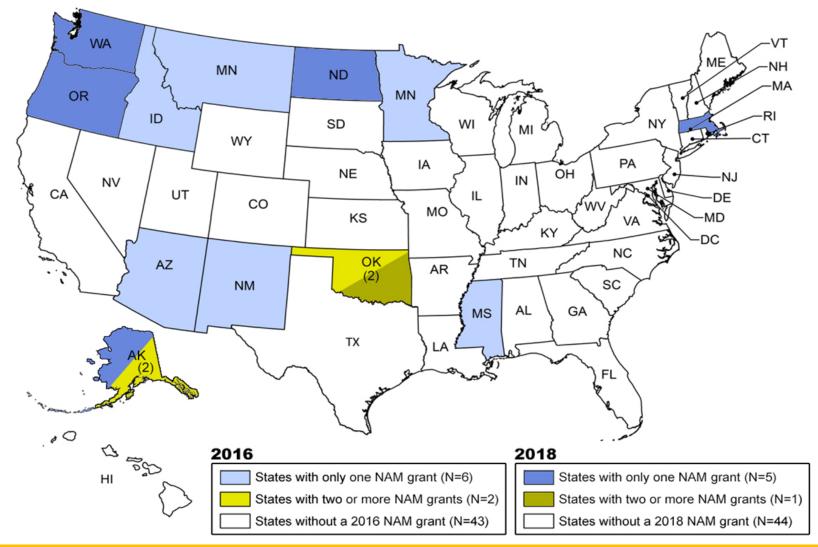






NATIVE AMERICAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CHILDREN IN SCHOOL (NAM) GRANTS BY STATE: 2016 & 2018









Languages Spoken in Our NAM Grant Projects

2016 Grantees:

- Central Yup'ik Eskimo
- Koyukon Athabascan (one of the 20 endangered Alaska Native languages)
- Navajo
- Shoshoni
- Ojibwe
- Choctaw
- Cree
- Diné (Navajo)
- Cherokee

2018 Grantees:

- Ichishkiin
- Numu
- Kiksht
- Yup'ik
- Inupiaq
- Twulshootseed (aka Coast Salish)
- Tsalagi
- Dakota
- Lakota
- Cherokee
- Wôpanâak









FY 21 NAM Grant Competition



FY 21 NAM Competition

- NAM program budget approximately \$5 million
- Budget for FY 21 competition approximately \$2.3 million
- Project period up to 60 months
- Awards up to \$325,000 per year
- Average size of awards \$275,000 \$325,000 per year
- Anticipated FY 21 awards 8 grants
- Date for publication of the Notice Inviting Applications in the Federal Register – December 18, 2020
- Closing date March 3, 2021 at 11:59 p.m. EST







Office of English Language Acquisition

FY 21 NAM Competition

 Absolute Priority: Projects that support the teaching, learning, and studying of Native American languages while also increasing the English language proficiency of the children served.

Invitational Priorities:

- 1) Promoting literacy
- 2) Remote learning







Resources

- For more information regarding the NAM competition and to access the recording and PowerPoint of today's webinar, please visit the following website:
 - https://www2.ed.gov/programs/naancs/applicant.html
- For questions regarding the NAM competition, please email:
 - NAM2021@ed.gov







Panelists:

Lorraine David, NAM Project Director, Fairbanks Native

Association

Naomi Long, NAM Project Director, Red Lake Band of

Chippewa Indians

Heather Oats, NAM Project Director, Rocky Boy Schools



Revitalizing Denaakk'e in a Dual Language Classroom

Lorraine David, Project Director, Fairbanks Native Association

Barbara Sundberg, Project Evaluator, CR Research and Evaluation



Agenda

- Introduction
- Successes and Challenges
- Activities and Resources
- Assessments
- Sustainability







Denaakk'e Classroom: Introduction





Background

Our project was funded in 2016 through a 5-year grant by the U.S. Department of Education Office of English Language Acquisition (OELA) Native American and Alaska Native Students in School (NAM).

Purpose

The purpose of our program was to establish a Koyukon Athabascan Head Start classroom and provide effective instruction and support to Alaska Native students in Fairbanks. Within the classroom, we wanted to develop English proficiency and proficiency in the Koyukon Athabascan language (Denaakk'e).









Denaakk'e Classroom: Introduction

Start with your Indigenous Values

Develop a program that makes sense for your program and your community, not what another curriculum or program suggests.

Staff training in learning the Native language and learning effective strategies for teaching Denaakk'e as a second language is ESSENTIAL.

Leadership from Elders and Native culture bearers and speakers is **ESSENTIAL**.









Denaakk'e Classroom: Introduction

- Program Highlights:
 - –What we tried
 - –What worked best
 - -All perspectives were/are important
 - (Project Director, staff, Elders, parents, students, Advisory Council)
 - -Recommendations





Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges



Year 1 (FY 17)

Planning

Hire Project Director & classroom staff (3)

Trainings & meetings to learn policies, expectations, & learn about teaching youngsters a Native language

Advisory Council

Locate classroom space in a local elementary school



Met with Elders

Observed Head Start classrooms

Cultural workshops

Find best ways to involve parent & community

Year 2 (FY 18)

Open the classroom

Register children

Staff learning Denaakk'e

Trainings & workshops

Bring cultural items into the classroom

Elder comes to the classroom

Use pictures & labels

Translate from the Creative Curriculum & Second Step/TSG

Attended fish camp

Research & tour dual language preschool programs/MIW

Develop 2 assessments: developmental classroom-based, & an individual 1-1 hands-on assessment

Year 3 (FY 19)

Register students

Program & staff changes

Trainings, classes, & workshops

Staff learning Denaakk'e

Website resources available

Class participated in Indigenous People Day & Festival of Native Arts

One teacher returned, 2 new

Continued with Denaakk'e lessons & activities, posters, labels, & pictures

Revisions to Denaakk'e assessments

Begin work on a Denaakk'e curriculum

Engage parents (community Denaakk'e class)

Year 4 (FY 20)

All 3 classroom staff returned

Some student turnover

Staff learns Denaakk'e

Trainings, classes, & workshops

An Elder started coming to the classroom twice a week or more, on a regular basis

Staff continue to learn
Denaakk'e, attend
workshops & UAF classes,
& learn from others

Increased resource & lesson development & implementation

Denaakk'e curriculum arrives for use in December 2019

Classroom closes in March

Year 5 (FY 21)

Both teachers returned

But everything is different

Sending hands-on items home for families (family, animals, clothing, foods)

Hosting individual Zoom meetings once or twice a week with child & parent

Sending out short video recordings of Denaakk'e

Expanding our online resources

Implementing Denaakk'e curriculum

No in-person interactions

Much less instructional time

No community events











Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes

& Challenges



Year 1 (FY 17)

Planning

Hire Project Director & classroom staff (3)

Trainings & meetings to learn policies, expectations, & learn about teaching youngsters a Native language

Locate classroom space in a local elementary school

Train staff how to speak Denaakk'e

Met with Elders

Observed Head Start classrooms

Cultural workshops

Find best ways to involve parent & community

Advisory Council

Year 2 (FY18)

Open the classroom

Register children

Staff learning Denaakk'e

Trainings & workshops

Bring cultural items into the classroom

Elder comes to the classroom

Use pictures & labels

Translate from the *Creative Curriculum* & *Second Step/TSG*

Attended fish camp

Research & tour dual language preschool programs/MIW

Develop & pilot test 2 assessments: developmental classroom-based, & an individual 1-1 hands-on assessment

Early Years

Creating our Dual Language Denaakk'e Classroom

Who will teach the children Denaakk'e, what will we teach, how will we teach, and where?

What classroom activities will reinforce Denaakk'e and English language skills?

How do we ensure a cultural environment for learning?

How do we measure student progress in learning Denaakk'e?







Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges













Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges





Parent/Family Involvement

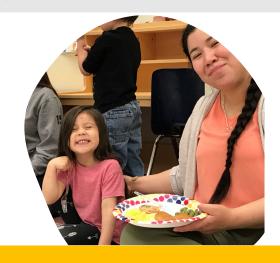
- Inviting parents into the classroom for shared meals, especially around holidays and celebrations
- Involvement in community events
- Provided audio files and access to Denaakk'e resources
- Annual Parent Input Survey

I would like more books and games and activities to learn Denaakk'e at home.

He teaches his brother the Denaakk'e he is learning.

We took a trip to Denali Park and when she saw animals, she told us how to say the animal name in Denaakk'e.

He introduces himself using his Denaakk'e name.



I want my child to become more immersed in her culture and understand who she is as an Indigenous child.







Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges



Year 3 (FY 19)

Register students

Program & staff changes

Trainings, classes, & workshops

Staff learning Denaakk'e

Website resources available

Class participated in Indigenous People Day & Festival of Native Arts

One teacher returned, 2 new

Continued with Denaakk'e lessons & activities, posters, labels, pictures

Revisions to Denaakk'e assessments

Begin work on a Denaakk'e

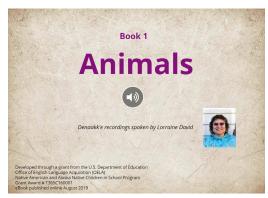
Denaakk'e class)



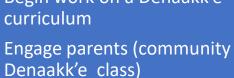




Nelo' etonlaah



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By the end of Year 3, other local Head Start teachers were interested in how the Dual Language Program was incorporating cultural activities.

An ebook was compiled from the 2018–19 school year and presented at the FNA Head Start Inservice in August 2019.



Cultural Activities







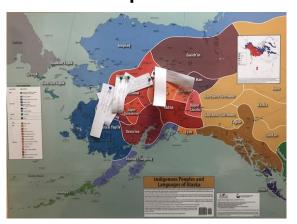
- Denaakk'e Names
- Families/Kinship
- Activities with Elders
- Animals
- Scraping a Moose Hide
- Cutting Fish, Drying Salmon
- Making Blueberry Ice Cream
- Learning Denaakk'e Words, Phrases, and Songs
- Singing, Drumming, Dancing
- Making and Wearing Regalia
- Performing at Community Events







Kinship Activities







Shared Mealtimes





Community Events

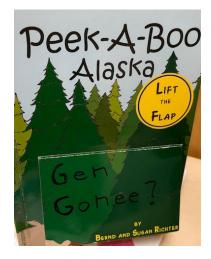


Parents as Teachers

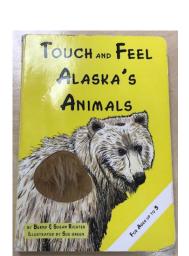


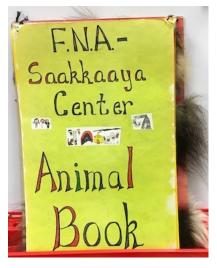






















BINGO Game Card







Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes

& Challenges



Challenges

Lack of a **Denaakk'e curriculum** (cultural activities and language activities). Our team was spending hours translating parts of the Head Start Creative Curriculum into Denaakk'e every week.

Increase the Denaakk'e language skills and competencies of our classroom staff so that they, along with our Project Director Lorraine David, could speak and model Denaakk'e for the students.

Assess dual language development (English and Denaakk'e) and document student progress using both the TSG for English and program-developed assessments for Denaakk'e.

Building meaningful relationships with families and the community

Responses

Our program received a *mini-grant* from the State of Alaska Department of Education and Early Development for the creation of a Denaakk'e curriculum.

Built in lots of *time for language learning, lessons, and practice* for the team. This included attendance at relevant workshops and classes presented by local and national professionals.

We *identified nine of the TSG subtests* that help measure English language acquisition skills in Head Start programs. We *developed two Denaakk'e assessments* for our project: observation-based developmental language continuum and one-on-one end-of-year language assessment.

Intentionally invited parents and families into the classroom, provided audio files for use outside of the classroom, created a website, and were a visible presence at community at events.







Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges



Year 4 (FY 20)

All 3 classroom staff returned

Some student turnover

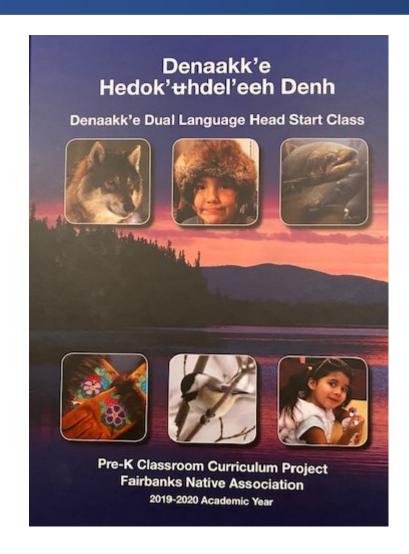
An Elder started coming to the classroom twice a week or more, on a regular basis

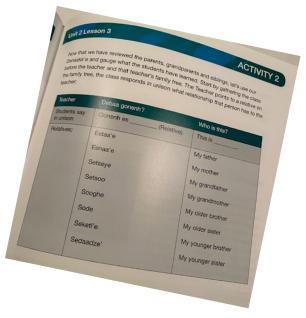
Staff continue to learn Denaakk'e, attend workshops & UAF classes, learn from others

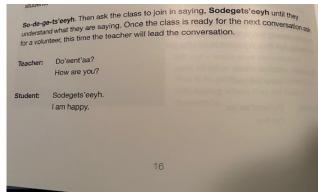
Increased resource & lesson development & implementation

Denaakk'e curriculum arrives for use in December 2019

Classroom closes in March 2020













Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges



Find out what is engaging to students and how it reflects the culture.

What kinds of language activities can be built around cultural topics of interest that support language?





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Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes

& Challenges



Year 5 (FY 21)

Both teachers returned

But everything is different because the program went virtual

Sending hands-on items home for families (family, animals, clothing, foods)

Hosting individual Zoom meetings once or twice a week with child & parent

Sending out short video recordings of Denaakk'e

Expanding our online resources
Implementing Denaakk'e curriculum

No in-person interactions

Much less instructional time

No community events





What language experiences can we provide for at-home learning, and what will that look like?

Which hands-on Denaakk'e activities can be replicated and provided for use at home?

How do we document progress when teaching remotely?







Denaakk'e Classroom: Successes & Challenges



Lessons Learned

Translations from the Head Start Creative Curriculum and Second Step were time-consuming and did not always stick.

Classroom staff were not confident in their own abilities to speak because they were just learning the language themselves.

Elder/Project Director Lorraine could not always be at the classroom to model Denaakk'e for staff and students.

Words and phrases were not used or repeated enough to move into long-term memory. Go beyond introducing the language, to ensuring students LEARN the language and have ample opportunities to show what they can say.

What Worked Best

Teaching Denaakk'e for daily classroom routines that students heard often, and physically practicing the routines every day. Examples: **Nelo'etonlaah** (*Wash your hands*), **Leedo** (*Sit down*), **Daalek** (*Quiet*), **Edzoo** (It's cold).

Designing and playing games to promote active, hands-on use of Denaakk'e to help reinforce words, phrases, questions, and concepts within the classroom or home setting (naming clothing when getting dressed, naming food at mealtimes).

Creating a cultural environment where resources and materials were used along with language.

Building in mini-immersion experiences, where once a phrase or word is learned, it is ONLY spoken in Denaakk'e (for example, saying **Baasee'** for *Thank you* at mealtimes when asking **Tl'oo nedaa** (*Pass the milk*).

Involving the families by providing audio recordings and invitations to the classroom is essential to support young learners.



Denaakk'e Classroom: Assessing Student Progress



Assessments

Observable

Measurable

Valid and reliable

Denaakk'e Native language assessments were developed collaboratively, pilot tested, and revised to reflect the curriculum covered each year

English Language and Literacy Skills Assessment

Teaching Strategies Gold (9 subtests)
Developmental based on teacher observations
Completed by teachers
3 x a year

Denaakk'e Language Skills Assessments (2)

Classroom/Observation-based completed by teachers
Developmental based on teacher observations
Completed by teachers
3 x a year

One-on-one Denaakk'e assessment
Measures individual progress learning Denaakk'e
Project Director/Evaluator team assesses children
1 x a year (early May)





Denaakk'e Classroom: Assessing Student Progress



Classroom or Observationbased Assessment Page 1 of 2

Completed by the teachers 3 x a year

Developmental continuum

Developed collaboratively with the Denaakk'e team

Similar to developmental measures from the Head Start *Teaching*Strategies Gold

Obs	ervation-Based Denaak		rst Semester//2020 emester//2021				
Stud	ent Name/Denaakk'e Na	me:	Student ID#: (birthdate)				
	Early Beginning	Beginning	Developing		Working toward Proficiency		
the a	ng guide: Assess students in I opropriate column. Use the sa o Spring.	Fall, Winter, and Spring. Place an 'F' fo ame rubric and place an <mark>'S' for</mark> Spring s	or Fall semester in the rubric. U semester in the appropriate col	se the same as umn. We will b	sessment for Winter, placing a 'W' in be able to see growth over time from		
Denaakk'e Name	Sometimes responds to his or her Denaakk'e name.	Responds to and attempts to say Denaakk'e name.	Says Denaakk'e name with increasing accuracy.		Says Denaakk'e name consistently and with accuracy.		
Interest & Participation	Shows little interest in cultural items such as drums, furs, fish.	Shows greater interest in cultural items and begins to participate in using cultural items and in cultural activities (furs, drum, beads, animals, clothing, family members).	Shows increased understanding of Denaakk'e words, phrases, and questions during cultural activities including Center, Circle, or independent play, and begins to repeat/use Denaakk'e in dramatic play.		Shows high level of engagement in Denaakk'e language activities and cultural activities. Can ask and answer simple questions in Denaakk'e (Do'eenta'aa? Genee gonee?) and name several items in Denaakk'e during play.		
Cultural Stories	Seldom engages during cultural stories.	Actively listens to a cultural story told by Elders and staff.	Can retell part of a cultur using some Denaakk'e w shows an increased unde of what the story means.	ords and	Can retell most of a cultural story using some Denaakk'e words with accuracy and a greater understanding of its meaning.		
Songs	Seldom sings a song in Denaakk'e.	Begins to sing along in Denaakk'e with some accuracy.	Sings Denaakk'e songs w increasing accuracy.	ith	Sings Denaakk'e songs accurately and independently with or without prompting.		
Classroom Routines	Does not yet show an understanding of classroom routines when spoken in Denaakk'e.	Responds to classroom routines spoken in Denaakk'e, but not consistently.	Understands and consist follows one-step directio Denaakk'e and can speak daily classroom routines	ns in at least 2	Understands, follows, and can speak at least 3 classroom routines in Denaakk'e. (For example, student can say Nelo' etonlaah or Leehaanh.)		
Speaking Denaakk'e	Seldom participates in Denaakk'e language (speaking) activities.	Begins to show interest and participates more frequently in Denaakk'e language and speaking activities.	Increases speaking in Der during activities such as or during virtual learning and can speak at least 8 v 4 phrases with increasing	Circle time g activities words and	Shows high levels of participation in speaking Denaakk'e. Leads the class in Denaakk'e activities. Can tell/teach Denaakk'e to others and speaks at least 10 words and 5 phrases with accuracy.		





Denaakk'e Classroom: Assessing Student Progress

Classroom or Observation-based Assessment Page 2 of 2

Completed by the teachers 3 x a year

Document words and phrases the children could say in Denaakk'e

Developed collaboratively with the Denaakk'e team

Family/Kinship			Cou	Counting and Colors			Animals		
	eenaa'e	my mother		k'eełekk'ee	one		deneege	moose	
	eetaa'e	my father		neteekk'ee	two		łeek	dog	
	sooghe	my older brother		tokk'ee	three		gg u h	rabbit	
	seketl'e	my younger		denk'ee	four		dekehone	Porcupine	
		brother		k'eełts'edenaale	five		łookk'e	fish	
	sode	my older sister		neełkk'aa tokk'ee	six		bedzeyh	caribou	
	sedaadze'	my younger sister		neełkk'aa tokk'ee	seven		ggaał	king salmon	
		_		k'eelekk'ee			nobbaaye	fox	
	setsoo	my grandma		bedee'onee			dotson'	raven	
				K'eelhudaaltonee	ten		telele	eagle	
	setseye	my grandpa		daałets'etl	blue		noye'e	beaver	
	segooge'	my baby		daałekk'es	red		ggaagge	bear	
				lekk'#l	white		teekkone	wolf	
Foo	oods		Our	· Land/Environmen	t	We	Veather		
	sookaanee	bread, biscuits		nen'	land, earth		Dohoot'aa?	What is the	
	daalggune	crackers						weather like?	
	too	water		Doyeets	air		Edzoo	It is cold or I am	
	tsaax	tea			sun			cold.	
	tľoo	milk		Yo	sky		Etlebaa'	It is hot/I am hot.	
	geege	berries		Hene	river		Hedeets'eyh	It is windy.	
	nelaane	meat		dleł	mountain		Hek'edee'onh	It is sunny.	
	łookk'e	fish		kk'eeyh	birch trees		Ełyoł	It is snowing.	
	leggune	dry fish							
	deekk'oodzee	fruit/sweet		ts'ebaa	spruce trees		Ełkonh	It is raining.	
	denyaaghe.	vegetables		Tseetl	snow		Dzaatsen'	There are clouds.	
							hoolaanh		
	Clothing		Feelings			er Words	I a		
	kkaatseeyh	pants		Do'eent'aa?	How are you?		ggenaa'	friend	
	kkaakene	boots, shoes		Sodegets'eeyh	I am happy.		keloosge	cup	
	de'aak	shirt/top/dress		Do'eelst'aa'aa	I am fine.		tľok	plate	
	ts'eh	hat		Sozelts'eeyh	We are happy.		tl'ogesdle'	bowl	
	denaalaan	winter scarf		Taaghesenekk	I am tired.		sekkoł	spoon	
	nodaalk'edee				I am mad.			fork	
	gets	mittens		Seyehdoyk'elek	I am sad.		stooltsek	chair	
	tleeteey	snow pants		Daalgeggots	I am calm.		k'edzes	dance	
	kkaatseeyh							learn	
	tleeteey de'aak	outdoor coat		Ebaa eesdlaanh	I am sick.		leghele	drum	
Phr	ases used in the	Classroom							
	Nedaats'e ne'ooz	e?		What is your name?			Seneenłaanh	You look at me.	
	se' ooze'			My name is			K'oolaaleełtl'onh	You listen.	
	Leehaanh			You stand up.			Daalek	You be quiet.	
	Leedo			You sit down.			Nekk'aa dest'aa	I like you.	
	Nelo' etonlaah			You wash your hands.			Baasee'	Thank you.	
	Hesoote hoonłaanh			You clean up.			Onee'	Come here.	
	Nelo hetonlaah			You brush your teeth.			hodee?	Where is?	
	Neełkk'e Neen u hdaał			You all line up.			Kk' u daa hee?	Did you have	
	Genee neentaanh?			What do you see?				enough?	
	Neełggenaa' ts'eelaanh			We are friends.			Kk' u daa	That's enough.	
	Neerggenaa ts ee	Mendone Hoozoonh			It is a good morning.		Oho' / Nedeenh	Yes / No	
		nh		re io a good morning.	What is this?				
-		mh							
	Mendone Hoozoo				n hungry.		sroom Songs		
	Mendone Hoozoo Genee gonee?			What is this?	n hungry.		ssroom Songs Sodeelts'eeyh (We	elcome Song)	
	Mendone Hoozoo Genee gonee? Baabe kk'aadee?	Baabe kk'aat.		What is this? Are you hungry? I an		Clas	Sodeelts'eeyh (We Noneetenaaghge'aa	ın'	
	Mendone Hoozoo Genee gonee? Baabe kk'aadee? Nok'esodon' Tl'oo kk'aat or tl'o Tl'oo esenoonb.	Baabe kk'aat. oo nedaa'		What is this? Are you hungry? I an We will eat. I want milk. / Pass th I am drinking milk.	e milk.	Clas	Sodeelts'eevh (We Noneetenaaghge'aa (See You Later Son	ın'	
	Mendone Hoozoo Genee gonee? Baabe kk'aadee? Nok'esodon' Tl'oo kk'aat or tl'o Tl'oo esenoonb.	Baabe kk'aat.	t	What is this? Are you hungry? I am We will eat. I want milk. / Pass th	e milk.	Clas	Sodeelts'eeyh (We Noneetenaaghge'aa	ın'	







Denaakk'e Classroom: Assessing Student Progress



End-of-Year DELLA

Denaakk'e **E**arly **L**anguage **L**earning **A**ssessment

One-on-one assessment

Given 1 x a year by Project Director and Project Evaluator

Hands-on

Developed collaboratively

Purpose is to assess each child's receptive language and expressive language













Denaakk'e Classroom: Sustainability

- Sharing resources through the Fairbanks Native Association (FNA) website
- Use of materials in other Head Start classes
- Materials are being used in some elementary schools
- Development of Denaakk'e language nests in community
- Providing Denaakk'e curriculum to the University of Alaska Fairbanks Alaska Native Language Center
- Sharing resources through the FNA website:
- https://www.fairbanksnative.org/our-services/education/headstart/indigenous-language-project/denaakke-learning-resources/









Contact Information

Lorraine David

- Project Director and Athabascan Elder
- Fairbanks Native Association
- (907) 251–6995
- <u>Idavid@fairbanksnative.org</u>





Barbara Sundberg

- (ebooks, surveys, assessments)
- Project Evaluator
- CR Research and Evaluation
- (907) 460–2504
- compassroseak@gmail.com







Extending the Benefits of Biliteracies

Naomi Long, Project Director



Agenda

- Unique Needs Identified
- Determining and Meeting Grant Objectives
- Project Implementation
- Challenges and Successes
- Preparing to Cross the Finish Line







Unique Needs Identified

- Need for language within the Red Lake School District #38
- Parent engagement
- Family engagement
- Community engagement
- Language and Culture as own entity within the Tribe





Office of English Language Acquisition

Determining & Meeting Grant Objectives

- Grant proposal
- Partnerships and stakeholders
 - Roles and shared ideas
 - Project site locations
- GRPA measures and outcomes
- Project-specific measures and outcomes



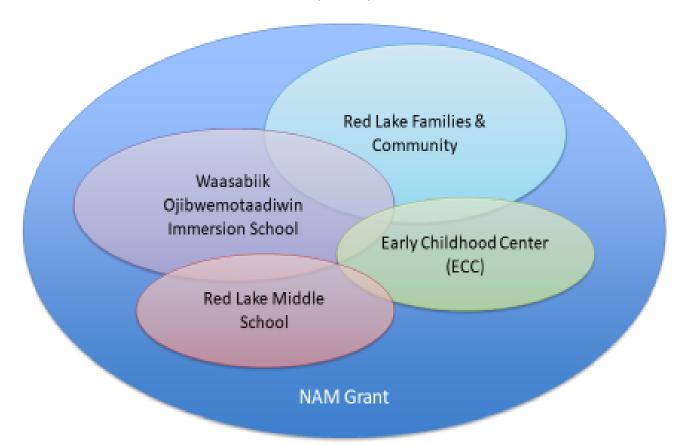






Separation of educational domains

(2021)











Project Implementation

- Supporting bilingual language and literacy development
 - Increased access to spoken and print forms of Ojibwe
 - Materials developed
 - Cultural literacies
- Building teacher capacity
 - How to integrate language and culture into teaching
 - Teacher training
- Increasing participation in Ojibwe immersion
 - Stabilizing enrollment numbers
 - Increase Ojibwe immersion activities within the Red Lake school district
- Growing family engagement with student learning
 - Responding to parents' needs and desires









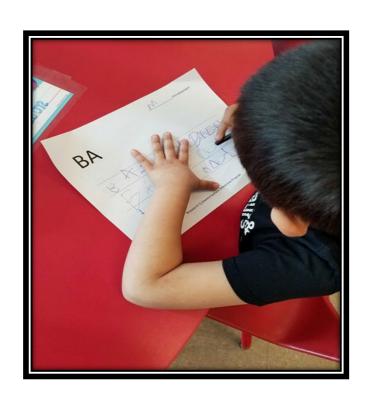
• Ojibwe oral storytelling — Donald Applebee (Red Lake Ojibwe), Oral storyteller







 Immersion student practicing writing Ojibwe letter sounds



 Immersion student practicing writing Ojibwe words/sentences











Students
learning Ojibwe
songs with
teachers, project
staff, and a
parent









Students using learning materials to engage with each other











Program Staff
interacting with
community members at
the Red Lake Holiday
Party.









• Students, teachers, and project staff built a traditional Ojibwe birch bark canoe. There are stories and songs that teach the students language and culture.





 Project staff, participating teachers, and community members dedicate their Saturdays to conduct a free book exchange in the Red Lake

community.









Red Lake Immersion elder and
Project staff member with puppet
"Ikwe" sharing some storytelling
with Immersion students.







Immersion Staff and Project contractors utilize social media platforms to engage language and literacy activities and materials to participants and the community.

Highlight:

It reached over 15,000 people and generated numerous shares.











Program staff, Program participants, a program parent, and community members from Red Lake were invited to perform at the Minnesota State Capital for Red Lake Nation Day.





Challenges & Successes

- Challenges
 - Personnel
 - Partnerships
 - Community
 - Covid-19 pandemic
 - Closed reservation borders

- Successes
 - Immersion students excelling
 - **Partnerships**
 - Literacy in the homes
 - Parent and community engagement
 - Sustainability









Preparing to Cross the Finish Line

- Literacy awareness
 - Students, parents, and community
- Planned activities
- Overall project evaluation







Contact Information

Naomi Long

Project Director

Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians

nalong1955@gmail.com







Cree Immersion Pre-K

Heather A. Oats, NAM Coordinator

Nicole Big Bow, Pre-K Teacher

Valerie Sunchild, Cree Language Teacher

Agenda





Grant Overview

Grant Staff Introduction

Our Community

Our Classroom

Assessment and Curriculum

Family Involvement

Parent Testimony

Contact Information





Grant Overview

We are a five-year program, funded through the NAM program. This is our fifth and final year in the program. Every year we select 15 students for the Cree immersion classroom; half Cree and half English language instruction.





NAM Staff





Valerie Sunchild, Cree Teacher



Still image from video of Valerie Sunchild introducing herself.







NAM Staff



Heather Oats NAM Coordinator



Still image from video of Heather Oats introducing herself.

Nicole Big Bow Pre-K Teacher



Still image from video of Nicole Big Bow introducing herself.







Our Community

Rocky Boy is located in the heart of the Bear Paw mountains in North Central Montana. The reservation is 122,000 acres with 6,177 enrolled tribal members.













Our Community

IMOVIE AND CREE IMMERSION PRESENT A CREE IMMERSION PRODUCTION IN ASSOCIATION WITH IMOVIE A MRS BIG BOW FILM **ROCKY BOY** STARRING MS. VAL MRS BIG BOW ESTIED MS OATS PRODUCTION MS BRENDA ST PIERRE PHOTOGRAPH MRS BIG BOW CASTINGTEACHER 3 MUSICITUMES COSTUMETEACHER 3 EXECUTIVE MS. HEATHER WISHTEN MS SUNCHILD DIRECTED MRS BIG BOW

Still image from promotional trailer for a film about the Rocky Boy Cree Community.









Our Classroom





















Our Classroom



Still image from video of teacher instructing students in learning words and pronunciation of the Cree language.



Assessment & Curriculum



- OWL curriculum
- Cree language assessment
- EWOWPVT-4 expressive vocabulary
- Tiered small groups







Family Involvement & Support





























Parent Testimony

"The pre-K Cree immersion was an amazing experience for my daughter and for me. My daughter, Fury LaMere, was not only taught to speak Cree; the program prepared her to enter kindergarten. Fury not only learned the basics, she also learned about her culture and even taught me a few things. I would recommend this program for any child who not only needs to be prepared for kindergarten, but to be immersed in the Chippewa Cree language and culture. Thank you!"



Still image from video of a mother speaking about her child's experience in pre-K Cree immersion.







Parent Testimony



Still image from video of a mother speaking about her child's experience in pre-K Cree immersion.



Still image from video of a mother speaking about her child's experience in pre-K Cree immersion.







Contact Information

Heather Oats

NAM Coordinator

Rocky Boy School District

heathero@rockyboy.k12.mt.us



Cree Immersion Pre-K Teacher

Rocky Boy School District

nicoleb@rockyboy.k12.mt.us



Valerie Sunchild

Cree Language Teacher

Rocky Boy School District

valeriesc@rockyboy.k12.mt.us







National Clearinghouse for English Language Acquisition (NCELA) Resources

Resources: New NCELA Webpage



NEW: Ensuring Continuity Of Learning And Operations







The Office of English Language Acquisition (OELA), knows how important it is that districts and schools have access to resources that recognize the unique learning profiles and needs of English learners in order to facilitate their education during unplanned school closures.

These resources are intended for school personnel and institutions of higher education to improve distance learning and the support of English learners and their families during school closures. All resources are free. Additional resources will be added, please check back periodically. To submit resources for consideration, please complete the Remote Learning Resources Submission Form below.

https://ncela.ed.gov/new-ensuring-continuity-learning-and-operations









Additional OELA Resources

NCELA Website: https://ncela.ed.gov/

- Fact Sheet: <u>English Learners Who Are American Indian/Alaskan</u> <u>Native</u>
- Fact Sheet: <u>The Top Languages Spoken by English Learners (ELs)</u> in the United States
- OELA Podcast: <u>Dual Language Education: Historical U.S.</u>
 <u>Perspectives and Current Practices</u>
- OELA Webinar: <u>Culturally Responsive School Practices to Promote</u> the Success of Native American English Learners
- Report: <u>2014–2016 Biennial Report to Congress on the Implementation o the Title III State Formula Grant Program</u>







Contact Information



NCELA

Melissa Escalante

Management and Program Analyst, OELA

Melissa.Escalante@ed.gov

202-401-1407





Q & A





NAM2021@ed.gov

Certificate of Completion



- You can receive a Certificate of Completion if you completed at least 90% of this webinar
 - Email <u>askncela@manhattanstrategy.com</u>





Contact Information



NAM Workgroup

Celeste McLaughlin

Team Lead, OELA

Celeste.McLaughlin@ed.gov

Elizabeth Bucknor

Education Program Specialist, OELA

Elizabeth.Bucknor@ed.gov

Stephanie Nichols

Education Program Specialist, OELA

Stephanie.Nichols@ed.gov









